

THE BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. IX, NO. 41.

LOUISA, LAWRENCE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JUNE 8, 1894.

M. F. CONLEY, Publisher.

NEWS ITEMS.

Kelly's army at St. Louis has split in two. The barbers of Goshen, Ind., have agreed to close on Sunday. At Sherrill, Ark., Andrew Jackson was shot and instantly killed by his wife during a quarrel. The Pennsylvania railway Co. opened a new \$10,000 passenger station at Anderson, Ind., Friday.

Dr. H. C. F. Meyer, convicted of poisoning Ludwig Brant for the insurance money, will not be sentenced until August. An explosion of powder at the Glenwood mine of the Erie Co., near Harrisburg, Pa., caused the severe burning of seven men, some of them fatally. The hooking valley operators raised the price of coal one dollar per ton on hearing of the failure of the miners and operators at Springfield, O., to agree.

The trouble between the coal operators and their men in the Kanawha valley is thought to be virtually at an end. The miners are to receive their old wages.

Treasurer Starr has arrived at Tallahassee with \$11,000, first installment of the six millions to be paid the Cherokee by the U. S. Government for the Cherokee strip.

The president Thursday sent to the senate the following nomination: Maurice Rohrer, of Ohio, to be assessor of probate in the District of Columbia, D. C.

Christian Garber, aged 71, a retired banker, formerly of Keokuk, Ia., died in Madison, Ind. He was a brother of the late Col. M. Q. Garber, editor of the Madison Courier.

Louis Richmond, a wealthy and influential farmer living six miles east of Franklin, Ind., dropped dead at his bedside. He was 60 years old, and leaves several grown children.

At Cumberland, Md., Miss Lucy Stotemyer was thrown from a buggy under the wheels of a wagon drawn by four horses, the wheels passing over her head, killing her instantly.

The \$18,000 claim of Oliver Bros., contractors for the new University hall, Delaware, O., was decided by the board of arbitrators, three well-known architects. They awarded \$18,000.

Almona C. Barkhart, of Tyson county, Ind., was nominated by the people's party at Frankfort for congress for the Ninth district. Two of the seven counties were not represented by delegates.

A freight train on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad left the rails and rolled over a trestle near Paris, Mo. Two men were killed, J. T. Conaty and Steve Craig, of Moberly.

The U. S. senate Thursday adopted a resolution declaring that it belongs wholly to the people of the Hawaiian islands to establish and maintain their own form of government and domestic relations.

Mrs. Cleveland expects to leave Washington next Thursday morning for Gray Gables, accompanied by the two children, Ruth and Esther, and three maids. Private Secretary Thurber will escort the party.

Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge has declined the invitation to deliver the oration at Fulton, Ill., July 4, writing that urgent business at Washington and the great distance to Fulton prevent his acceptance.

The Chesapeake and Ohio railroad has just completed arrangements for the construction of lines in West Virginia that will open up the Piney creek and Guyandotte river valleys, bringing to market a rich coal field.

A number of St. Louis contractors granted a scale of thirty-five cents per hour to striking carpenters. It was accepted, and many returned to work. It is believed a similar offer will be accepted by the remainder.

Detective Charles Hickey, who killed James Parrel, last Friday morning, in Annie Johnson's lagoon, was acquitted Tuesday by Judge Thompson, in the city court, Louisville, Ky. The evidence showed that the act was committed in self defense.

Five thousand pilgrims, representing a number of Roman Catholic societies and subscribers to the fund raised in order to decorate the tomb of Pope Pius IX., were present Thursday at papal mass, held in the vestibule of St. Peter's, Rome.

The Gibbons-Johnson contest, at Norfolk, Va., was declared a draw in twenty-four rounds. It was stopped by the sheriff of New county, N. C., as no knock-out had been thrown heavily three times. Johnson had the best of the fight.

At Wellston, O., owing to the result of a wager between John S. McHale, a wealthy citizen, and Zach Thompson, a ward assessor, the two ate a breakfast of six-potatoes, one loaf of bread and a can of baked beans, washing the same down with eight quarts of water.

John Setzer, of Marshall, Ill., who is worth \$75,000, was fearfully injured in a runaway accident at Greer, Laite, Wednesday afternoon, and the doctors pronounced his injuries fatal. His horses took fright at a passing locomotive and he was dragged for three blocks along the street.

At the annual meeting of the Imperial Federation League of Canada, a resolution was passed to the effect of a new policy upon which the general league would be constructed. The policy includes commercial union between the various colonies and the other portions of the British empire.

At Corning, Ia., prize-fighters Ryan and McCoy, who were found guilty of violating Iowa's law against prize fighting on Sunday morning, March 12, in Adams county, were sentenced Tuesday to ninety and one hundred and fifty days in the county jail and fined \$200 and \$300 respectively, and costs.

The National Red Cross is pouring the completion of its valuable work in the sea islands along the South Carolina coast. It has taken care of 30,000 sufferers from the great West Indian hurricanes of last August, besides assisting more than that number of persons outside the sea islands territory, and all on less than \$25,000.

Much damage is reported to have been done in Trigg county, southern Kentucky, by frost. The frost is said to have been unusually severe for this season of the year, damaging corn, sweet potatoes, watermelon vines and tender vegetables generally.

Passenger train No. 42, on the Cincinnati, Lexington & Virginia railroad, which arrived in Cincinnati at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening, brought with it the unbecomingly form of John Schmidt, a young electrician of Chicago, who attempted to commit suicide on the train by shooting himself with a revolver. No one known for the act.

IN SHELBURN.

The Wildest Reports Come From That District—Coal Train Stopped and a Fire in Sight of the Mills.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 5.—The wildest reports come from the Shelburn district Monday night of trouble with the striking miners. Company B, of this city, of the First Regiment Indiana Legion, was this home from Cannelburg, at 4:45 Monday evening, but had not arrived at midnight, being stopped, with Company P, in the Shelburn district, to assist troops there in coping with the disturbances of the striking miners, who seem to be on the verge of desperation. The trouble at Cannelburg is over, Adj. Gen. Robbins having broken camp there, and the entire trouble is now centered at Shelburn and adjacent country.

The freight train on the Evansville & Terre Haute road, due here at 6 o'clock Monday evening from the Shelburn district, did not arrive till 10:30 Monday night, and the story the crew tell is a thrilling one. They were hauling five loads of coal, bound for Terre Haute, the militia being a little ahead on another train, when suddenly, about two miles from Farmersburg, an armed body of miners descended from a hill, and at the point of Winchester rifles compelled the engineer to run the coal train up a siding on to the coal branch. Simultaneously a bridge on the branch was set fire to, and the engine, after leaving the coal track, had to run through the fire to get to the main track.

Two shots were fired at the cab, but neither engineer nor fireman was hurt. The proceedings were held to an amazing degree, almost under the eyes of the militia. The troops charged back, but the miners retreated to the hills. The latest at midnight was that the militia were ready at a moment's notice for an attack, and the greatest excitement prevails. The railroad company is trying to repair the bridge.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 5.—A special messenger from Gen. McKee to Gov. Matthews brought the news Monday evening that the miners are congregating in large numbers, and are manifesting a bad temper.

It was stated that the infantry seemed to be excited, no fear or respect, and that a Gatling gun was needed. Gov. Matthews has just ordered out the reserve of Battery A, and it is getting ready to leave at midnight for Shelburn under command of Capt. Curtis.

Dynamite was found on the track at Shelburn, and some one fired at Gen. McKee Monday evening. A train of coal cars was allowed to pass Shelburn, but was sidetracked at Farmersburg, twelve miles distant, where there are no soldiers. Six companies have been ordered there from Cannelburg.

WITH PITCHFORKS.

Two Negroes Fight to the Death in Kentucky—A Quarrel Over Craps.

HENNINGTON, Ky., June 5.—T. Morris, of Ohio county, employed Nace Langdon, and Jim Price, colored, to work on his farm on Saturday. They had a quarrel concerning a game of craps, wherein Morris lost several dollars. Later in the day the belligerents met in the stable, when the altercation was renewed, and a fist fight ensued. Neither seemed to gain any decided advantage, and their animosity increasing, each seized upon a convenient pitchfork and began a fierce onslaught. Their provoking lasted for five minutes, both being severely punished, when Jim succeeded in thrusting the sharp prong of his weapon into the abdomen of Morris, inflicting a mortal wound. On realizing his crime, the slayer, himself bleeding from numerous punctures, dropped his pitchfork and tottered 250 yards, when he also fell unconscious.

The Coffin Sentenced. INDIANAPOLIS, June 5.—Judge Baker, in the U. S. circuit court Monday, overruled a motion for a new trial of the wreckers of the Indianapolis national bank, and sentenced E. A. Coffin to ten years and Percival B. Coffin to five years in the penitentiary. The sentence of Albert S. Reed was suspended. It is believed he will not be sent up. T. P. Haughey, president of the late bank, will be sentenced Tuesday.

Arms for Deputies.

LA JENTA, Col., June 5.—A Gatling gun, two hundred Winchester and a dozen boxes of ammunition, found in the hands of the striking miners at La Jenta, were sent to the United States marshal at Denver to be used by the deputies.

Chicago, June 5.—The Santa Fe railroad applied to Judge Grosscup of the United States circuit court for aid in subduing miners. The road being in the hands of the court, through receivership, Judge Grosscup ordered United States Marshal Arnold to proceed to Streator immediately with a posse and instructed him to swear in all deputies necessary.

A Break in the Illinois Banks. HILLSDALE, Ill., June 5.—A large proportion of the coal miners here returned to work Monday. Everything is peaceful.

Electric Cars Collide.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 5.—A serious accident occurred on the Atlanta Traction street car line Monday morning. Two cars collided, killing one motor man and mortally wounding another. Eight passengers were more or less seriously injured.

No Cholera on the Oder. WASHINGTON, June 5.—The surgeon general of the Marine hospital service, has received a dispatch from Bremen continuing the information that there have been no cases of cholera along the river Oder, as has been reported.

A TRUCE.

Indiana Troops Moving Trains at Cannelton, Ind.

On the Approach of the Soldier Boys, the Believing Miners Seem to Have Fled—Bayonets and Gatling Guns Were Too Much for Them.

CANNELTON, Ind., June 4.—The National Guards of Indiana, sent by Gov. Matthews to put a stop to the further interference of coal mine strikers with the passage of coal laden trains through this city, arrived here at 6 o'clock Sunday morning. The train was sidetracked one mile east of the city limits and the 400 citizen soldiers left it with Gatling guns, bayonets fixed and colors flying. They marched down the railroad track, where all the trouble has been, but on entering the city found no army of rioters to oppose their march or give them any work to do. Scattered on and around the track, however, were counted twenty-six strikers, none of whom showed any disposition to make trouble. Sheriff Leasing, who, with Adj. Gen. Robbins, is in command of the militia, read to the handful of strikers the restraining order issued at Washington last Thursday by Judge Heffron. Friends of the strikers in Indianapolis had forewarned them of the approach of the militia, which accounted for the disappearance of the two hundred or three hundred rioters.

The sheriff set out to find four men, who had been leaders of the disturbance, and for whom he had warrants. After much difficulty, he caught W. E. Summers, a justice of the peace for the local township; Dick Gade, who had been leading the strikers in their lawless interference with the property of the railroads, and John Flynn, a striker. The warrants charge them with riotous conspiracy and contempt of Judge Heffron's mandate.

Immediately after the arrival of the troops, the official & Ohio Southwestern railroad began to improve the coal cars which had been sidetracked by the strikers. The presence of the armed force aided the strikers, nearly all of whom remained in their homes, but the women and children belonging to the strikers' families gathered on and alongside the track, hooting at the railroad men, militia and sheriff while the work of moving the trains was in progress. The city is now clear of coal cars, and the militia are spending the night in camp.

JOHNSON ISLAND.

To Claim Which England and Hawaii Are Competing, Belongs to Uncle Sam.

BALTIMORE, June 4.—The discovery has been made here that the Johnson island, of which England and Hawaii want possession, and to secure which vessels from each of these governments are now racing across the Pacific, belongs to the United States. Mr. Victor L. Smith, a prominent Baltimore lawyer, makes the claim, and offers data to prove his assertion.

He says the island was discovered in 1857 by a man named Parker, who found a guano deposit upon it, and who subsequently sold his interest to the United States Guano Co., which filed its claim with the department at Washington. Soon after this the Hawaiian government claimed ownership of the island and sent a force to take possession. This government, however, declined to recognize the Hawaiian claim and held that it was invalid.

Under an act of 1866 the president declared the island a part of the United States and recognized the claims of the phosphate company, and according to a decision of the supreme court this proclamation makes the island a part of the United States.

AT WHEELING CREEK.

Fifteen Hundred Strikers Gather to Stop Trains, But None Run.

BREIDENBURY, O., June 4.—Fifteen hundred strikers assembled at Wheeling Creek mines Sunday to stop coal trains, but none were run. Sheriff Scott said Sunday afternoon that he had not secured the force of deputies he needed, but, unless actual trouble results Monday, he will not ask for the military.

About 400 strikers Saturday massed on the line of the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling railroad. Two trains loaded with West Virginia coal were stopped and sidetracked. Later they were allowed to be moved here. Passenger or mail trains were not interfered with.

The sheriff's appeal was jeered, and he threatened to call the militia. The railway company says it will run trains Monday. The miners are still in possession of the roads at the mines.

Commonwealths in the River.

St. Louis, June 4.—While passing Jefferson barracks, near the Illinois shore, one of the boats of Kelly's fleet of industrialists struck a pier. The swift current upset the boat and forty men were thrown into the water. Two were drowned and one is missing. The names of the unfortunate were not ascertained.

Hosted Off to Corea.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Midnight bayonet orders were sent to the commander of the flagship Baltimore at Nagasaki, Japan, to hurry to Chemulpo, Corea, to protect American interests.

No Dismalists Brutally Beaten.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Three non-union carpenters, Harry Farrell, Cornelius Bank and Richard Butler, working on a building on Belmont avenue, were set upon by striking unionists and fearfully beaten. They are now in the hospital in a critical condition. Their assailants have been arrested.

Leaped to Death.

New York, June 4.—Sarah Fessler jumped from the roof of a burning tenement house on Greer street Sunday evening, and was killed. Two other persons were slightly injured in making their escape.

Others Elected.

Fr. Wayne, Ind., June 4.—At the National meeting of the Peoria Miners, which adjourned here Saturday morning to meet at New Haven, Ct., in 1895, Dr. J. M. Milmarth, of Norristown, Pa., was elected president, and Dr. A. C. Rogers, of Fairbairn, Minn., secretary and treasurer.

Negro Democratic League.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A call is issued for a meeting of the Negro National Democratic League at Indianapolis, beginning Tuesday, August 1.

Back to Work.

HETZELBERG, Ill., June 4.—A large proportion of the coal miners here returned to work Monday. Everything is peaceful.

INSTIGATORS' REPORT.

Part Two of the Sugar Deal Testimony—What Mills Denies.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Senator Gray, as chairman of the special committee to investigate the alleged operations of the sugar trust in connection with tariff legislation Monday submitted to the senate the second batch of testimony taken before that committee concerning the examination of all the democratic members of the finance committee, including Senators Voorhees, Jones, Harris, Vest, McPherson, Mills and Secretary Carlisle and Hon. John Dewitt Warner of the house.

Senator Mills denied all knowledge of the reported secret interview of Secretary Carlisle on the sugar question, and said that he and Senator Jones and Senator Vest had prepared the sugar schedule as first reported, and he knew nothing of any memorandum for the schedule from the secretary.

He also denied all knowledge of the alleged Sunday conference of the finance committee with those interested in securing sugar legislation. He said he had never heard of members of the sugar trust being in the capital while he was acting as a member of the finance committee, and that he had never met any of the members of the trust. The letter of introduction was merely a formal note containing only two or three lines. He declined to see Mr. Havercup. Senator Mills also denied any knowledge of contributions to the democratic campaign committee.

Mr. McPherson said that as far as he knew, there was no truth in any of the charges published concerning Secretary Carlisle and the doing of the sugar trust. For himself, he said he disagreed with the committee as to the sugar schedule. He opposed the sugar schedule presented by the committee, and did a little raving over that himself, but never saw Mr. Carlisle do any of it.

At one time Mr. McPherson said he laid before the committee the views of his friends, Mr. Matthews, a member of the sugar trust, but did not endorse them; on the contrary, he opposed them and voted against the committee's proposition.

The witness said Mr. Searle, secretary of the American Sugar Refining Co., came to his home and argued that a proposition offered by Mr. McPherson would give the sugar refiners nothing. The most interesting part of Mr. McPherson's testimony related to his own investments in sugar stock, 300 shares of which he purchased in November, 1893. Mr. McPherson said that during the holiday recess of congress he transferred his stock and bonds to his son. However, on December 31 a statement from the brokers showed that he had on hand 200 shares of Manhattan railroad stock in New York city, 500 shares of Jersey Central, 500 shares of Erie, 500 shares of sugar stock, and 500 shares of this Northwestern common, which I transferred to my son. All that went over to him on our return here on the 8th of February, after the house had sent a bill over here, without any tax on sugar whatever, and as we supposed there could be, by no possibility, any tax on sugar, my son purchased, as he had a right to do, owning these stocks, although they were still in my name on the books, 500 shares of sugar stock.

WEDDING BY PROXY.

The Groom in This Country, the Bride at Gibraltar.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., June 4.—A wedding will soon be celebrated at which the groom will be in Pottsville and the bride on the other side of the Atlantic ocean, more than 3,000 miles away. Louis Thompson, of this place, is the hero of the marriage by proxy, and which gives Joe Romero, of Gibraltar, J. P. M., the English tennis champion, a long time, but the young man is unable to cross the ocean and wed his sweetheart. A power of attorney was issued Saturday by a notary public, which will be sent to Spain, and which gives Joe Romero, of Gibraltar, power to act for Mr. Thompson at the marriage. The bride is Romero's niece. The bride will come to this country and join her husband after the ceremony. This is the first case of marriage by proxy in Pottsville's history. The bride's home is at Gibraltar, and their parents have given their consent to the peculiar marriage. The Catholic bishop there told the family that the ceremony would be legal. Mr. Thompson is night clerk at the Pennsylvania Hall hotel.

Engaged Killed, Fireman and Others Hurt.

ATLANTA, Ill., June 4.—A wedding train on the St. Louis, Chicago and St. Paul railroad went through an open switch near Wood river bridge Sunday evening. It dashed into a lot of box cars. The locomotive was wrecked, and Bernard Lynch, the engineer, of Ramsey, Ill., was instantly killed. Edward Harrison, the fireman, of Springfield, was cut on the face and head and severely bruised. George McCabe, a boy, had his leg broken. Five others were less seriously injured.

Battled With Bullets.

DUBLIN, Ga., June 4.—About ten days ago a negro was caught in the room of Mrs. Cooney, about fifteen miles from Dublin. The lady woke up, and the negro jumped out of the window and ran. He was arrested and put in jail. Saturday night a mob entered the jail, bound and gagged the jailer, who was asleep, took the negro three miles from Dublin, tied him to a tree and shot him twenty-five times. The coroner will hold an inquest.

Negro Lynched in South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 4.—Harley Gill, a colored man, was taken by force from the jail in Lancaster, early Sunday morning, by a party of twenty-five men, and carried away about three miles and lynched. A coroner's jury returned a verdict that he was shot to death by parties unknown. Two or three days ago he, without provocation, assaulted and inflicted what are feared to be mortal wounds on the wife of James A. Clark.

Confederate Graves Desecrated.

HUNTSVILLE, Va., June 4.—A large crowd of Confederate veterans gathered here Saturday from this section of the state, and after a long parade through the principal streets, proceeded to the cemetery and desecrated the graves of their dead comrades. E. G. E. Wilson, who is a candidate for United States senator, addressed the crowd Saturday afternoon.

Fry's Army at Parkersburg.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 4.—The steamer McConnell, with Fry's army, under command of Col. Handell, reached here Sunday morning. They were greeted by city authorities, but refused to allow them to land. They then proceeded four miles up the river to Neal's Island, where they disembarked the steamer and went into camp.

Brothers Drowned.

LAKESIDE, Pa., June 4.—In the Conestoga creek, at a point called Lemerters, near the junction of the Conestoga and Susquehanna rivers, two brothers, James and William, were bathing, when James got beyond his depth and being unable to swim was carried away by the current. His brave little brother attempted his rescue, but was unsuccessful and he was also drowned.

Field Museum Opened.

CHICAGO, June 4.—The Field Columbian museum, which is to perpetuate the memory of the World's Columbian exposition, and so named as a recognition of the gift to the institution by Marshall Field of \$1,000,000, was formally opened Saturday afternoon by the presence of an immense throng. The museum is located in the large structure at Jackson park devoted last year to the display of works of art. The opening exercises were exceedingly simple, being confined to prayer, an address by President Mason of the Chicago Historical society, and an oration by Edward E. Ayer.

Murder Ordered Out.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 4.—Continuing to hear reports from Cannelburg and Shelburn that the striking miners were interfering with the movement of trains, Governor Matthews at noon Saturday decided to call out the militia. Nine companies of infantry and a battery of Gatling guns were ordered to report.

Four of the companies are from Indianapolis, others from available cities. A Pennsylvania train was ordered for 2 o'clock. It went by the way of the Louisville division of the Pennsylvania railroad, and arrived at the U. S. C. in Cannelburg.

COSTLY FIRE.

Dwarfed Boy Cremated and Several Persons Seriously Injured.

FIFTEEN BUSINESS HOUSES AND TWENTY RESIDENCES DESTROYED AT OTTUMWA, ILL.—LOSS ESTIMATED AT TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

OTTUMWA, Ill., June 4.—Fifteen business houses and twenty residences in this city were destroyed by fire Sunday. Five blocks are a mass of billowing ruins. But the worst results of the conflagration was the death of a boy, the fatal injury by smoke of one man and the serious injury of three others.

The dead: James Seymour, a dwarfed boy burned to death. The injured: Bert Patterson, suffocated and will die; John McCullum, a fireman, burned; Nick Renner, leg broken; Jerry Seymour, overcome by heat and injured by falling timbers.

The fire was discovered at 1 o'clock in Jerry Seymour's cooper shop. It quickly spread to the adjoining business blocks of brick and residences. Among the families who were compelled to leave their homes were those of O. E. Stevens, superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, and Calvin Manning. The flames, however, were checked before they reached their residences.

The loss is estimated at \$225,000 and the insurance about one-third. A spark from a locomotive is supposed to have started the blaze.

WATCH THE BIG SANDY NEWS

for next week's Bargains.

Guessing Begins Saturday, June 9th, 1894.

Borders & Stewarts,

LOUISA, KENTUCKY.

Prices For This Week Only:

Choice of our calicoes, 5 cents per yard.
Lancaster Apron Gingham, 7 " " "
Best Dress Gingham, 7 " " "
Shirting Plaids, 4 to 7 " " "
Enore Brown Sheet, 6 " " "
Ohio Valley Brown Sheet, 4 " " "
Clyde Bleached Muslin, extra bargain, 25 cents
2 pair black cotton hose, were 10 cents, 20 "
Ladies Snow Flake Corset, \$1.00
Men's Colored Laundered Shirts, were \$1.00, .87
Men's Untanned Shirts, were 65 cents, .59
Half Hose, were 15 cents, 3 pair for .25
CLARK'S THREAD, 3 SPOOLS, FOR 10 CENTS.

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FIVE BARRELS OF FLOUR

GIVEN AWAY

SATURDAY,

July 7th, 1894.

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FLOUR

GIVEN AWAY

SATURDAY,

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To the first person guessing nearest the aggregate number of words and figures in the last three columns on the first page of the BIG SANDY NEWS, including our advertisement, of date June 15, 22, 29 and July 6, we will give a barrel of Silver White Flour, the finest flour in town; and to each of the next four persons first guessing next nearest, a barrel of the same. FIVE IN ALL. The character "s" and the dollar mark, \$, and initials count as words. Guessing to close on

Thursday, July 5th,

at noon. Each 50 cent purchase from us, paid for in cash or produce, entitles you to a guess. No person to get more than one barrel, should his guesses be nearest and next nearest. Our advertisement will be changed and occupy different space each week.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON OUR ADVERTISEMENT

Special Prices Each Week.

Prices For This Week Only:

Choice of our calicoes, 5 cents per yard.
Lancaster Apron Gingham, 7 " " "
Best Dress Gingham, 7 " " "
Shirting Plaids, 4 to 7 " " "
Enore Brown Sheet, 6 " " "
Ohio Valley Brown Sheet, 4 " " "
Clyde Bleached Muslin, extra bargain, 25 cents
2 pair black cotton hose, were 10 cents, 20 "
Ladies Snow Flake Corset, \$1.00
Men's Colored Laundered Shirts, were \$1.00, .87
Men's Untanned Shirts, were 65 cents, .59
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